

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/057,273	01/24/2002	Douglas Price	4666-1	2611
75	90 04/04/2003			
Mollybeth R. Kocialski, Esq.			EXAMINER	
SHERIDAN ROSS P.C. Suite 1200 1560 Broadway Denver, CO 80202-5141		,	ROVNAK, JOHN EDMUND	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		, •	3714	4/
			DATE MAILED: 04/04/2003	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application N	lo. Applicant(s)				
10/057,273	PRICE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary Examiner	Art Unit				
John E. Rovna	ak 3714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the co Period for Reply	ver sheet with the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO E THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, h after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will exp. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application. - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication. Status	owever, may a reply be timely filed minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered tim ire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this in to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1/24/02.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is nor	-final.				
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except for closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quay Disposition of Claims 		he merits is			
4) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>1-47</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consid	eration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10,12-27 and 29-47</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) 11 and 28 is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requi	rement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) obj					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) appro		ner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office	action.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	2511222242424242				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been re					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been re					
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau (PCT Rul * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified 	e 17.2(a)).	l Stage			
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under		al application).			
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional applic 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority unde	ation has been received.				
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper N Notice of Informal Patent Application (P Other:				

Art Unit: 3714

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 20 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticiapted by Harms et al (Family Day Care Rating Scale). Harms et al discloses a method and system for evaluating an educational program, comprising developing criteria (i.e. Language and Reasoning) which address strengths and weaknesses of the educational program (see figures) observing the criteria in the educational program (see page 4, item 2. regarding "observers"), assigning a numerical value to the criteria (see figures), and assigning an overall rating to the educational program based on the numerically valued criteria (see page 4, item 11. regaring "total score"). Harms et al discloses observing factors being related to the said criteria (For the example of Learning Activities), p.7, see the factors of 18. Eye-hand coordination, 19. Art, 20. Music and movement, etc).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6, 8-9,12, 20-23, 25-26, 29 and 37-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Torma et al in view of Harms et al (Family Day Care

Art Unit: 3714

Rating Scale). Torma et al discloses a method of evaluating a program comprising developing criteria of the program (col. 4 lines 28-35), observing the criteria (col. 3 lines 62-64), assigning a numerical value to the criteria (col. 6 lines 27-29), and assigning an overall rating to the program (Equation 1). The Abstract of Torma et al teaches that "this approach is applicable to ... just about any organized human endeavor involving quality, cost and access factors". Harms et al et al teaches the measure of quality evaluation for an educational program including the use of criteria with various factors as discussed above. It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the method and system of Torma et al is applicable to educational programs. Torma et al addresses weaknesses of a program. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that strengths could also be addressed as taught by Harms et al (see an example on p. 21 of Harms et al under the column Excellent).

The use of averaging and weighting are conventional statistical methods for survey analysis. Moreover, Torma et al discloses the use of averaging and weighting (col. 7 lines 19-62).

Torma et al utilizes an electronic database and processor (col. 3).

Use of 1-4 stars to represent a lowest to highest rating is conventional in the survey art (ie. Hotel rating) and would have been an obvious option for the rating scale of Harms et al.

Harms et al discloses classroom observation (p. 4 item 3). Page 5 col. 1 discusses the asking of questions (interviews). Also see p. 4 items 9-10, regarding arrangement to ask questions. Item 9 inherently includes collecting documents

Art Unit: 3714

(regarding health, safety schedule of daily activities). Item 10 identifies credentials of personnel (first aid training). Talking with other parents and the children would have been a conventional evaluation method for an educational program and therefore obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Page 4

Harms et al discloses observation of space and furnishings (p. 6), language and reasoning activities and materials (p. 7), personal care routines (p. 19), program structure (p. 18), physical activities (p. 29), interaction between staff and children (inherent), interactions between parents and staff (obvious when parents drop off or pick up the children).

Torma et al does not discuss reevaluating a program to determine the extent of improvement and maintenance. However, reevaluating a program to determine improvement would have been conventional practice in the art and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to determine the effect of a program being evaluated using the Torma et al method in view of educational program evaluation of Harms et al.

Orienting or training persons involved in the education program as to the criteria upon which the program will be evaluated is taught by Harms et al (p. 4 items 1 and 2). Debriefing persons involved in an evaluation is a conventional method that would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art and not a patentably limiting step over Torma et al in view of Harms et al. Informing personnel and students of the goals and implementation of the evaluation would have been, if not inherent, obvious to one of

Art Unit: 3714

ordinary skill in the art in view of the presence of the observers. It would have been further obvious that the community and parents be informed as to the evaluation.

Claims 7, 13-19, 24, 30-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Torma et al in view of Harms et al (Family Day Care Rating Scale) and further in view of the NICHD Early Child Care Research Network (Child Outcomes When Child Caree Center Classes Meet Recommended Standards for Quality).

Harms et al discloses the evaluation of classroom environment (inherent), staff credentials (see above discussion) and presence of a curriculum (learning activities, item 9). The consideration of the accreditation by official institutions of the program would have been of conventional practice and therefore obvious, and not patentably limiting.

Applicant's specific staff to child ratio choices are a matter of design choice and not patentably limiting, as not being new or unobvious method steps in the education art. Various other arrangements of staff to child ratio would have been a matter of design choice by an institution in view of conventional knowledge and obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the study by NICHD.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 6, 23 40 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

"[O]ther information gathering techniques" is indefinite.

Art Unit: 3714

Claims 10, 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The evaluation of factors reflecting basic communication and responsibleness of the parents is vague and indefinite.

Claims 11 and 28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Morrel-Samuels and DeTore et al disclose further evaluation methods and systems.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John E. Rovnak whose telephone number is (703) 308-3087. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Hughes can be reached on (703) 308-1806. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

Art Unit: 3714

John Rovnak Primary Examiner Art Unit 3714

April 1, 2003

Page 7